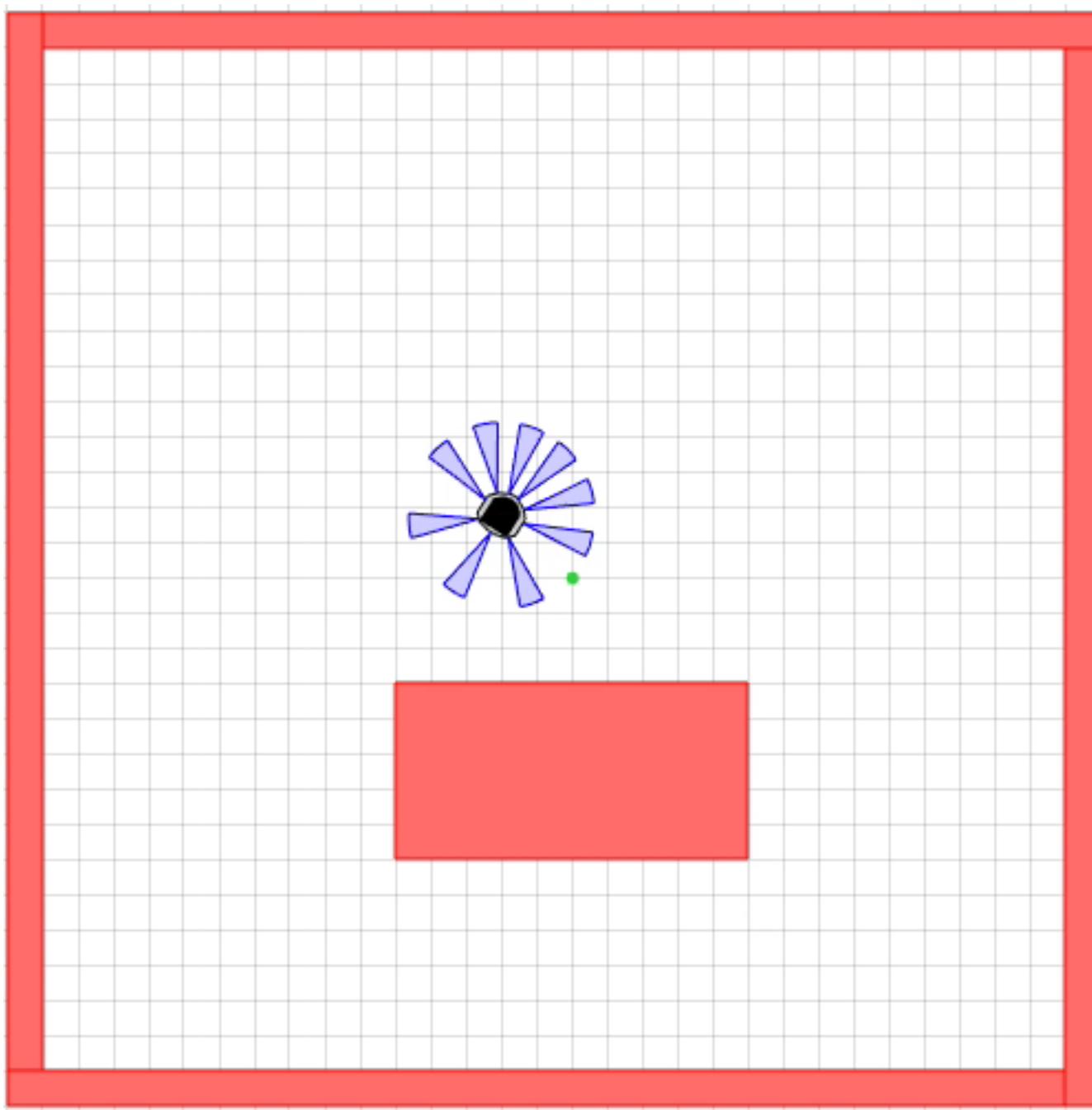


# 電気情報工学基礎演習B

Control a Mobile Robot: Lecture 4

Instructor: 蔡 凱

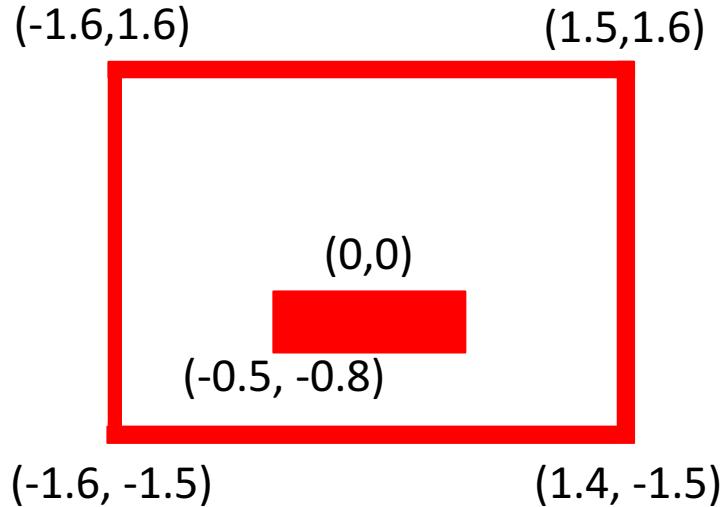
TA: 川村 聰志



# Week 4

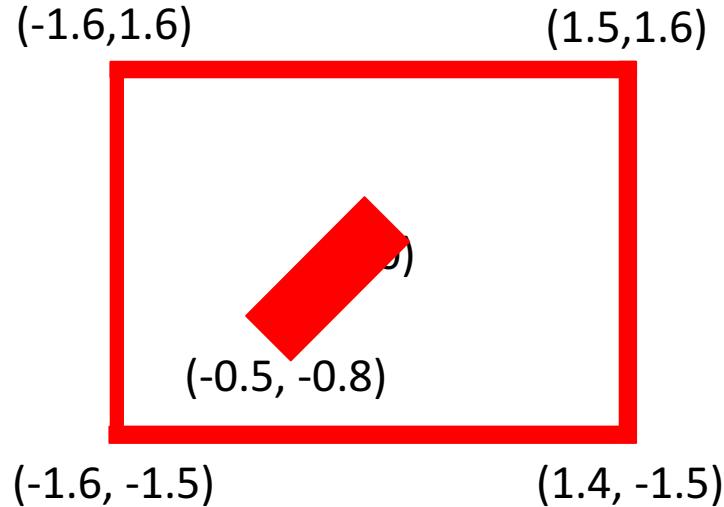
- AvoidObstacles control

# Obstacles



- `settings.xml`:
  - `<obstacle>`  
`<pose x="-0.5" y="-0.8" theta="0" />`  
`<geometry>`  
`<point x="0" y="0" />`  
`<point x="1" y="0" />`  
`<point x="1" y="0.5" />`  
`<point x="0" y="0.5" />`  
`</geometry>`  
`</obstacle>`

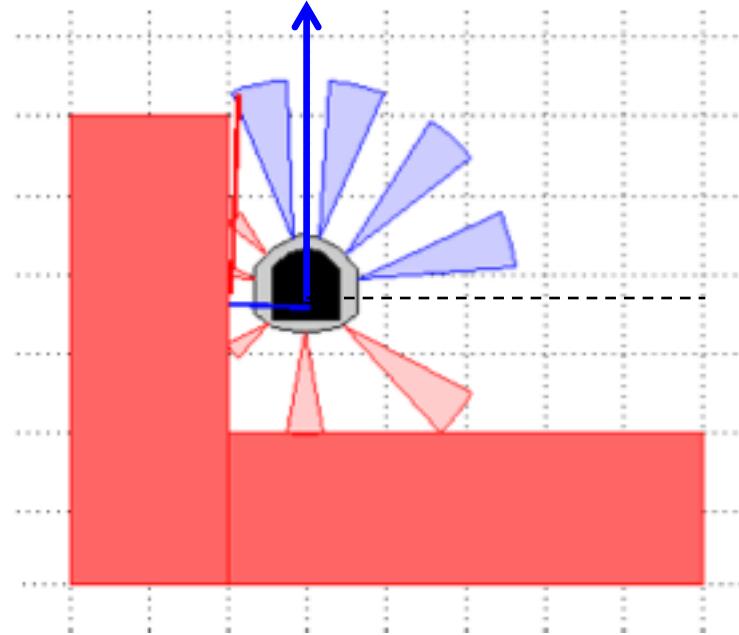
# Obstacles



- `settings.xml`:
  - `<obstacle>`  
`<pose x="-0.5" y="-0.8" theta="0.79" />`  
`<geometry>`  
`<point x="0" y="0" />`  
`<point x="1" y="0" />`  
`<point x="1" y="0.5" />`  
`<point x="0" y="0.5" />`  
`</geometry>`  
`</obstacle>`

# Avoid Obstacle

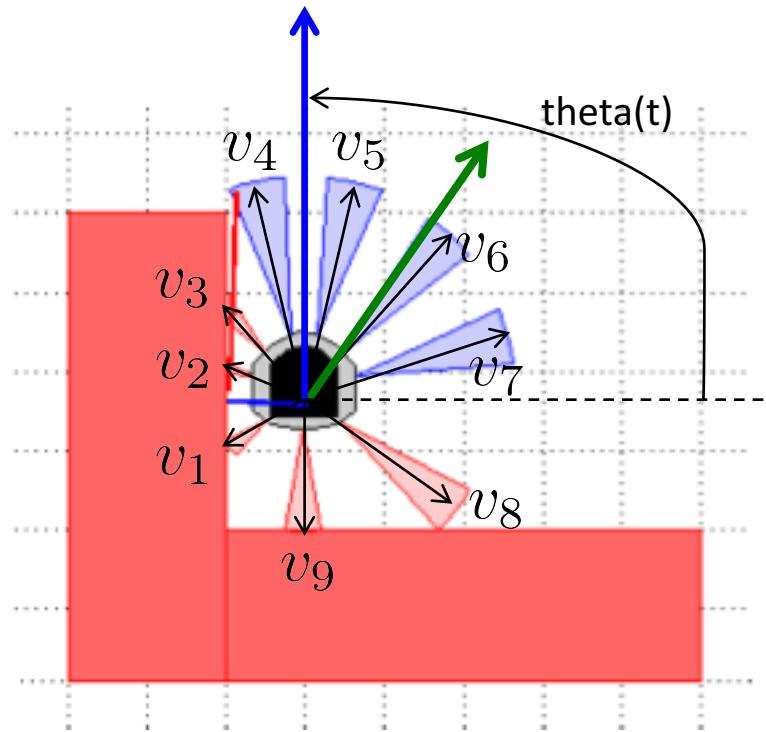
- Objective: steer the robot **away from nearby obstacles**



Assume robot is moving at linear velocity  $v=\text{constant}$ .

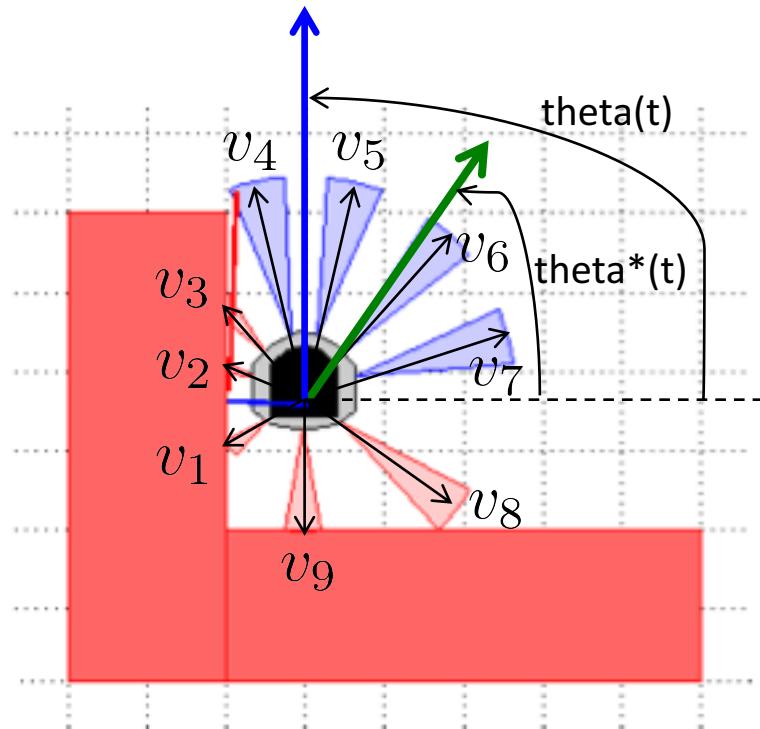
We only control robot's angular velocity  $w$ :  $\frac{d\theta}{dt} = u(t)$ , control input

# AvoidObstacles Controller



$$v^*(t) = v_1(t) + \dots + v_9(t)$$

# AvoidObstacles Controller



$$v^*(t) = \text{weight}_1 v_1(t) + \cdots + \text{weight}_9 v_9(t)$$

$$\theta^*(t) = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{v_y^*(t)}{v_x^*(t)} \right)$$

Use P-controller  $u(t) = K_p(\theta^*(t) - \theta(t))$  to achieve  $\theta(t) \rightarrow \theta^*(t)$

# Code

- +simiam/+controller/+khepera3/K3Supervisor.m
  - function obj=K3Supervisor()

% Input your code below %

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%

%Specified (constant) speed

obj.v = 0; (change this to see what happens)

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%

# Code

- +simiam/+controller/AvoidObstacles.m
  - function obj = AvoidObstacles()  
    % Input your code below %  
    %%%%%%%%%%%%%%  
    % Propositional control gain %  
    **obj.Kp = 0;** (change this to see what happens)  
    %%%%%%%%%%%%%%

# Code

- +simiam/+controller/AvoidObstacles.m
  - function outputs = execute(...)

% Input your code below %

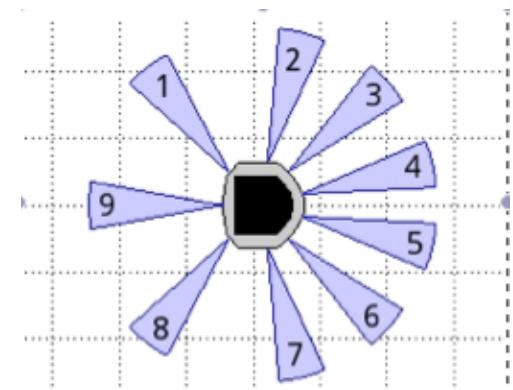
%%%%%%%%%%%%%

% Weights for the nine sensors %

sensor\_gains = [1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1];

(change this to see what happens)

%%%%%%%%%%%%%



%Distances sensed by the nine sensors:

ir\_distances = robot.get\_ir\_distances()

# Have Fun

- Change robot's initial pose and obstacle pose in settings.xml
- Set robot's linear speed in K3Supervisor.m
- Adjust control gain parameter in AvoidObstacles.m
- Adjust sensor weights in AvoidObstacles.m